COURSE OUTLINE: PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE

(1) GENERAL

UNIVERSITY /	NATIONAL AND KAPODISTRIAN UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS /				
Department	Department of History and Philosophy of Science				
STUDY LEVEL	Postgraduate				
COURSE CODE			SEMESTER OF STUDY	1 st	
COURSE TITLE	Philosophy of Science				
INSTRUCTOR(S)	C. Mantzavinos, <u>www.mantzavinos.org</u>				
TEACHING ACTIVITIES		TEA	CHING HOURS PER WEEK		ECTS
Seminars	Seminars		3		10
COURSE TYPE	Introductory				
PREREQUISITE	-				
COURSES					
LANGUAGE OF	English				
INSTRUCTION and					
EXAMINATIONS					
COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE	https://eclass.uoa.gr/courses/PHS587/				
(URL)					
	Password: PhilScie				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

What do we mean, when we say that we can *explain* a phenomenon? What are *good* explanations? What is the connection between theory and evidence? Is the aim to *explain* the social world after a manner worked out for the natural world or to *understand* the social world from within? How should one understand the proposition that an increase in price *causes* a decrease in the demanded quantity of a good? Or to put it more provocatively: what differentiates a scientific theory from a fairy tale? Does our knowledge advance over time and if yes, how? What is the relation between theory and praxis? The course will provide answers to all these questions.

The objective of the course is to teach students to reflect philosophically about the fundamental methodological problems of science. The course will focus on the philosophical problems that emerge when scientists engage in epistemic activities. Since there are seminars dealing with the problems of the specific sciences, the course will provide an introduction into the *general philosophy* of science. The first part will deal with the traditional conceptions of philosophy science by discussing material from the works of Popper, Albert, Kuhn, Lakatos, Feyerabend and Kitcher. The second part will deal with the following topics: causation; explanation; scientific realism; science and values.

General Skills

- Work in an international environment
- Work in an interdisciplinary environment
- Generating new research ideas
- Exercise of critical reflection

(3) COURSE CONTENT

Week	Торіс
1	Introduction
2	Karl Popper: Critical Rationalism I
3	Hans Albert: Critical Rationalism II
4	Thomas Kuhn: The Structure of Scientific Revolutions
5	Imre Lakatos: The Methodology of Scientific Research Programmes
6	Paul Feyerabend: Anarchistic Philosophy of Science
7	Philip Kitcher: The Advancement of Science
8	Causality
9	Scientific Explanation I
10	Scientific Explanation II
11	Scientific Realism
12	Science and Values I
13	Science and Values II

Week 1: Introduction

Week 2: Karl Popper: Critical Rationalism I

Pre-reading: Karl Popper: *The Logic of Scientific Discovery*, London and New York: Routledge, (1934) 1959/2002

Ch. 1: A Survey of Some Fundamental Problems

- Ch. 2: On the Problem of a Theory of Scientific Method
- Ch. 3: Theories

Ch. 4: Falsifiability

Week 3: Hans Albert: Critical Rationalism II

Pre-readings: Hans Albert: A Treatise on Critical Reason, Princeton: Princeton University Press, (1968/1985)

Introduction: Rationality and Commitment

Ch. 1: The Problem of Foundation

Ch. 2: The Idea of Criticism

Week 4: Thomas Kuhn: The Structure of Scientific Revolutions

Pre-reading: Thomas Kuhn: *The Structure of Scientific Revolutions*, Second Edition, Enlarged, Chicago: The University of Chicago Press, 1970 Introduction: A Role for History Chapter V: The Priority of Paradigms Chapter IX: The Nature and Necessity of Scientific Revolutions

Week 5: Imre Lakatos: The Methodology of Scientific Research Programmes

Pre-reading: Imre Lakatos: "Falsification and the Methodology of Scientific Research Programmes", in: *Criticism and the Growth of Knowledge*, (eds.) Imre Lakatos and Alan Musgrave, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1970, pp. 91-196.

Week 6: Paul Feyerabend: Anarchistic Philosophy of Science

Pre-reading: Paul Feyerabend: *Against Method*, 4th edition, London and New York: Verso, (1975) 2010, Chs.: Introduction, 1, 17, 18 and 19. Introduction

Chapter 1: [...] Anything goes.

Chapter 17: Neither science nor rationality are universal measures of excellence. [..]

Chapter 18: Yet it is impossible to evaluate standards of rationality and to improve them. [...]

Chapter 19: Science is neither a single tradition, nor the best tradition there is, except for people who have been accustomed to its presence, its benefits and its disadvantages. [...]

Week 7: Philip Kitcher: The Advancement of Science

Pre-readings: Philip Kitcher: *The Advancement of Science. Science without Legend, Objectivity without Illusions,* Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1993. Chapter 1: Legend's Legacy

Chapter 3: The Microstructure of Scientific Change

Week 8: Causality

Pre-reading: Bertrand, Russell: "On the Notion of Cause", in *Proceedings of the Aristotelian Society*, vol. 7, 1912, pp. 1-26 and reprinted in *Mysticism and Logic*, Routledge: London and New York, 1994, pp. 173-199.

Christopher Hitchcock: "Of Humean Bondage" in *British Journal for the Philosophy of Science*, vol. 54, 2003, pp. 1-25.

Week 9: Scientific Explanation I

Pre-reading: C. Mantzavinos: *Explanatory Pluralism*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2016.

Chapter 1: Introduction Chapter 2: The Wrong Question: What is an Explanation? Chapter 3: A Brief Outlook on the Social Sciences Chapter 4: Towards Explanatory Pluralism Chapter 5: The Explanatory Enterprise Chapter 6: The Rules of the Explanatory Game

Week 10: Scientific Explanation II

Pre-reading: C. Mantzavinos: *Explanatory Pluralism*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2016.

Chapter 7: The Plurality of Explanatory Games Chapter 8: Explanatory Activity as Problem-Solving Activity Chapter 9: Explanatory Rules as Shared Rules Chapter 10: Normative Appraisal: A Procedural Conception Chapter 11: Explanatory Methodology as Technology Chapter 12: Epilogue

Week 11: Scientific Realism

Pre-reading: Stathis Psillos: *Scientific Realism. How Science Tracks Truth*, London: Routledge, 1999.

Introduction Chapter 1: Empiricism and Theoretical Discourse Chapter 2: Theories as Instruments? Chapter 3: Carnap's Neutralism Chapter 4: In Defense of Scientific Realism

Week 12: Science and Values I

Pre-reading: C. Mantzavinos: *The Constitution of Science*, typescript Chapters 1,2,3,4, and 5.

Week 13: Science and Values II

Pre-reading: C. Mantzavinos: *The Constitution of Science*, typescript Chapters 6,7,8,9, and 10.

TEACHING FORMAT	Face to face, in classroom.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES	Learning process support through the e-class online platform.		
TEACHING STRUCTURE	Activity	Semester Workload	
	Lectures, Seminars	39	
	Presentation preparation	21	
	Independent study	120	
	Project (paper preparation and	120	
	submission		
	Total	300	
	(30 hours of work per credit unit)	500	
STUDENT EVALUATION	1. Presentation (30%)		
	2. Final essay (70%) Students will be assessed through a 4,000-5,000 words essay (70%, the word limit includes footnotes and bibliography) and a presentation (30%). Citation: All assessed essays should include a complete bibliographical list of primary and secondary sources. The essay itself should be fully referenced. Essay submission at the end of the semester by email to the instructor. The essay deadline will be uploaded on e- class.		

(4) TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS – ASSESSMENT

(5) RECOMMENDED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Textbooks

- 1. Alan Chalmers: What is this Thing Called Science?, 4th edition, Open University Press, 2013.
- 2. Peter Godfrey-Smith: Theory and Reality. An Introduction to Philosophy of Science, 2nd edition, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2021.
- 3. Gillian Barker and Philip Kitcher: Philosophy of Science: A New Introduction, Oxford University Press, 2013

IT IS MANDATORY THAT EVERY STUDENT WILL HAVE READ ONE TEXTBOOK BEFORE THE BEGINNING OF THE COURSE!